Gazette of the United States, & Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 1356.] THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 12, 1797. [VOLUME XI.

A CARD.

If Monsieur G H. SOHLE,

Who left Bordeaux the 20th June last, and arrived at Boston about the middle of August, in the schooner Jane. is in Philadelphia, he is requested to call on Joseph Anthony & Co. No. 5, Chesnut-street, who will give him some information of importance.

December 24, 1796. §

FOR SALE,

The fast-sailing schooner ORION;

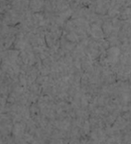
Seventy tons burthen; fifteen months old; her frame is of the best of white oak: she is a faithful built vessel, handsomely finished off and well found in every particular; is ready to receive a cargo on board, and can be put to sea without any expence on her hull, sails or rigging: she stows six hundred barrels; has a handsome cabin and steerage, and a half deck which will stow from seventy-five to eighty barrels; has been newly caulked, graved and painted. For terms apply to BENJAMIN RHODES,

At No. 170, corner of Market and Fifth-streets,

Or to the Captain on board said schooner at Messrs. Willis and Yardsley's wharf, adjoining Chesnut-street wharf; where there is for sale

Excellent pickled Salmon in barrels, the best of American Mess Beef, and some very excellent Boston manufactured Chocolate.

December 26 §



For Sligo and Killibegs,

The American Ship NANCY,

Cuthbert Riggs, master.

Will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage apply to

William Bell;

Who has for sale,

4 Trunks Printed Cottons, well assorted
3 Bales Irish Flannels, and 2 boxes Linens
25 Pipes Brandy
Madeira Wine; Indigo. Russia Matts.

Also,

A few barrels Prime IRISH BEEF, PORK, OATMEAL, &c.

November 11, 1796, mwftf

FOR SALE,

THE SHIP MARY,

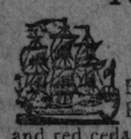
SAMUEL PARKER, MASTER,

Two hundred tons burthen. Apply to JOSEPH ANTHONY, & Co.

If the MARY is not sold in a few days, she will take freight for Hamburg. Apply as above.

October 31. d

For Sale, or Charter,



The Ship *DIANA,*

SAMUEL PILE, Master,

Burthen 205 47-95 tons register, built in Philadelphia in the year 1792, of live oak and red cedar, and was sheathed 13 months ago, she has just had a compleat out-fit, and may be sent to sea at a very trifling expence.

For terms apply to

Philip Nicklin & Co.

Who have for sale on board said vessel,

27 casks of fine yellow paint.
9 boxes and 12 bundles of writing slates.
1 box ink stands and note presses.
14 bales of sail canvas.

And on hand,

Imperial, Hyson, and, Southong } TEAS.

40,000 pieces Nankeens of the first quality.
19 tubs Quicksilver.
2 chests Bandanno handkerchiefs.

A few chests Manchester goods well assorted in Corduroys, thicklets, Ginghams, Muslinets, Dimities, &c.
3 boxes black sewing silk.
180 crates Queens ware well assorted.
10 tons sheet lead.
Nails assorted, flat and sharp points.
London Particular, London Market, New-York Market, } Madeira Wine in pipes and hogsheads.
40 pipes and 10 hogsheads Teneriffe wine.
8 tierces Snake Root.
230 logs Mahogany.

Nov. 7. tth&stf

FOR SALE,

A very Valuable Estate,

CALLED *TWITTENHAM,* situate in the township of Upper Derby, and county of Delaware, 7 1-2 miles from Philadelphia, and half a mile from the new Western road containing 230 acres of excellent land, 45 of which are good watered meadow, 90 of prime woodland, and the rest arable of the first quality. There are on the premises a good two story brick house, with 4 rooms on a floor, and cellars under the whole, with a pump-well of excellent water in front; a large frame barn, stables and other convenient buildings; a smoke-house and stone, spring-house; two good apple orchards, and one of peaches. The fields are all in clover, except those immediately under tillage, and are so laid out as to have the advantage of water in each of them, which renders it peculiarly convenient for grazing.

The situation is pleasant and healthy, and from the high cultivation of the land, the good neighbourhood, and the vicinity to the city, it is very suitable for a gentleman's country seat.

The foregoing is part of the estate of Jacob Harman deceased, and offered for sale by

Mordecai Lewis,

Oct. 31. 1aw Surviving Executor

Brokers Office, and COMMISSION STORE.

No. 63 South Third street, opposite the national new Bank.

SAMUEL M FRAUNCES and JOHN VAN REED, have entered into co-partnership, under the firm of FRAUNCES & VAN REED, in the business of Brokers. Conveyancers and Commission merchants. They buy and sell on commission every species of stock, notes of hand, bills of exchange, houses and lands, &c.

MONEY procured on deposits, &c. &c. all kinds of writings in the conveyancing line, done with neatness and dispatch; accounts adjusted, and books settled, in the most correct manner. Constant attendance will be given They solicit a share of the public favor; they are determined to endeavour to deserve it.

N. B. The utmost secrecy observed.

SAMUEL M. FRAUNCES,
JOHN VAN REED.

Philad. August 27, 1796. m&wtf

☞ *NOTICE.*

THE Sales of LANDS of the United States, in the North-Western Territory, heretofore advertised in the several public papers, will commence this evening, at the City Tavern——to be continued from day to day, 'till the tenth of February next, if not sooner sold.

January 4 §

FASHIONABLE WAISTCOATING.

GEORGE DOBSON, No. 25,

SOUTH THIRD-STREET,

Has received per the Diana, from London,

Clouded and striped Spanish Swansdown
Clouded Erminats and Moleskins
Striped do. and do.
Figured Manillas
Scarlet figured Erminets
Printed Florinetts
Do. Cassinets and Cassimeres
Superfine printed Quiltings, newest patterns

Also, per different arrivals,

A large and general assortment of Dry Goods,

Suitable to the present and approaching season.

November 5. dtf

SALT PETRE.

A large quantity of Double-Refined Salt Petre for sale at No. 25, South Third-street.

November 5.

Elegant Brussels & Turkey Carpeting,

For sale by George Dobson, No. 25, South Third-street.

December 15. dtf

THE SUBSCRIBER

WISHES to ascertain, whether a certain EDWARD NEVILL, by trade a Stone-Cutter, or Brick-Layer, who quitted Ireland in 1783, or 1784, and came into this Country, ('tis supposed to Philadelphia) about four years since, be living or dead. As this intelligence is of the highest importance, it will be thankfully received, by GEO. DAVIS,

No. 313, High-street

December 31. w & s 1m

For Sale,

By George Deschamps, No. 91,

NORTH SIXTH-STREET,

Nova-Scotia Prime Salmon, in barrels and half barrels
Ditto Herring and Mackarel.
Smoaked Herring in barrels and kegs
Ditto Salmon, by the dozen or single one
Dry Codfish, from one to fifty kentals
Fine and coarse Salt
Nova-Scotia and French Plaster of Paris, in the stone and ground, for manure and stucco-work

December 1. 5tf

Imported from London & Liverpool,

EARTHEN WARE, in crates and hogsheads, well assorted
Wine Bottles in hampers
Window Glass of all sizes
Two cases of stationary
One chest of yellow Jesuits Bark
Two cases of Roll Arnotta
A small consignment of Rose Blankets, Flannels, Baizes, Broad-cloths, Coatings, Plains, &c.
Paints of various colors.
Basket salt in hogsheads.

Also on hand,

Madeira wine, very old, in pipes, hogsheads and quarter casks
Holland gin in pipes, first quality
Anchors of different sizes
A few trunks of ladies French shoes assorted
Silk nankeen, &c.
Likewise an assortment of Dutch goods, consisting of Osnabergs, ticklenbergs, bed-ticks, stripes, checks.
Morlaix linen, platillas, ravens duck, Britannias, &c.

And for sale by the package only by

Thomas & John Ketland.

Walnut-street Wharf.

Nov. 15. eetf

FOR SALE,

About 1,600 acres of Land,

WELL situated, laying on and between Marsh and Beech Creeks, Mifflin county, Pennsylvania, in four separate Patents. For terms of sale apply to

Wm. Blackburn,

No. 64, South Second-street

October 31. mwftf

Notice.

THE Advertiser is a person regularly bred, and has carried on in an extensive manner for these 30 years past, the various branches of Goldsmiths' and Jewellery, plated and hard-ware Cutlery, and Iron mongery business, and has general knowledge of the Dry Good and many other businesses. He has a particular taste for building, has built extensively for himself, has conducted buildings for others, and is of opinion that his services to any gentleman that might be in went of a person to conduct any of the aforesaid businesses, would not only be useful but an acquisition, as he will engage on liberal terms, either as a salesman or to sell on commission as an agent, act as a partner or take the care of a manufactory, or superintend building, &c. He is a married man, and having no family but his wife who would act as a saleswoman or housekeeper. No objection to any part of the Southern states, or to take a voyage to Europe as a supercargo.

A line directed to J. C. to the care of the printer, will be punctually attended to.

N. B. He is well acquainted with most of the English, Irish, and Scotch manufactories, as he carried on business for ten years in London, but on account of unavoidable misfortunes in his country, he is now forced to seek for a living for himself and wife in this way, and he flatters himself that he will give entire satisfaction to his employer. And as he is well known in this city, and to the most respectable characters on the continent, doubts not but his character, morality and indefatigable industry, will bear the strictest enquiry

Dec. 28. 1awtf

Wanted on hire,

A Cook, male or female—also a man servant to attend in a private family and perform the duties belonging to the dining room. None need apply who do not understand and have not been accustomed to the respective services and who are not well recommended for honesty and good behavior.

Apply at No. 182, Mulberry-street, or to the printer.

January 5. taw2w

Women's Cloaks.

GEORGE DOBSON,

No. 25, South Third-street,

Has just received, per Eagle, Capt. Fosdick, via London, an assortment of

Scarlet, Drab, Purple and Pearl } Cloaks trimmed with fur and ermine.

December 15. §

WM. HOLDERNESSE, No. 76,

HIGH-STREET,

Has received by the late arrivals,

A Well Selected ASSORTMENT of

Silk Mercery, Linen Drapery, and Haberdashery Goods,

Which he will sell, wholesale and retail, on the very lowest terms;

Amongst which are

Some elegant 4-4 and 7-8 Chintzes and Cottons, new patterns
Ditto Furniture ditto
Ditto Dimity
Tamboured, Book, and Jaconet Muslins
Ditto in Gold and Silver
Ditto Neckcloths, very fine
Mantuas of the first quality
Silk and Cotton Hosiery
Umbrellas of the first quality, assorted
Irish Linens, very fine, and Table Linens
Marseilles and Cotton Counterpanes
Rose Blankets assorted—&c. &c.

October 26. d

Fresh Garden, Grass and Flower-Seeds, Roots, &c. &c.

This day landing from the ship Eagle, captain Fosdick, from London,

And FOR SALE by

GOLDTHWAIT & MOORE,

Corner of Walnut and Second-streets,

A most capital and extensive Assortment of

GARDEN, GRASS and FLOWER-SEEDS, ROOTS, &c. &c.

Among which are,

Five kinds	Asparagus	Three kinds	Cresses
Four	Berecole	Twelve	Onion
Twenty-five	Beans	Thirteen	Radish
Six	Beets	Fifteen	Turnip
Eleven	Brocoli	Fifteen	Peas
Twenty-six	Cabbage	Six	Savoy
Six	Carrot	Four	Parsnip
Three	Cauliflower	Twenty-three	Melon
Five	Celery	Twenty-one	Lettuce
Ten	Cucumber		

Common and lemon Thyme
Curled leaf and sprigged Parsley
Pot Marygold, Pot Marjorum
Balm, Thyme, Mangel Wurtzel
Leek, Kail, Shallots
Rape Seed, Rye Grass, Saint Foin, Lucerne
Red and white Clover, Timothy, &c. &c.

With a curious collection of the most esteemed

FLOWER-SEEDS and ROOTS,

Being the most extensive ever imported into this city. The above are from a capital Seedsman in London, and are warranted fresh and good.

Printed catalogues may be had by applying as above.

Dec. 17. dtf.

Just Landing,

At South-street-wharf, from on board the ship Sedgley, Captain Hodge, from St. Petersburg,

The following Goods:

Russia Sail Duck, first quality.
Do. Sheeting do.
Do. Diaper.
Do. Huckaback.
Do. Crash.
Do. Mould Candles, 4, 5 and 6, to the lb. of the English size.
Do. White Candle Tallow.
Do. White Soap in small boxes.
Do. Cordage of fine yarn.
Ravens Duck.
Isinglass, 1st and 2nd sort.
Horse Hair uncurled.
Russia Bar Iron.
Do. Hoop Iron.
Do. Nail Rods.
10 Tons Oakum and Junk.
St. Petersburg Clean Hemp.

For Sale by

Philips, Cramond, & Co.

October 12. §

Cheap French China.

THE subscribers finding it impossible to supply their store with any more China from France, the prices being too immoderate in the manufactories, give notice that they will sell at prime cost the remaining stock on hand, consisting of

Dessert Setts,
Tea-Table Setts
Separate Cups and Saucers
Groupes and Figures
Alabaster Vases
Looking Glasses, in gilt frames,

Besides India Japan'd Toilet Desks, Chairs, Tables nad Quadrille Boxes. PASQUIER & Co.

No. 91, South Second-street.

December 5th. tts

For Sale,

By J. WARDER, PARKER & Co.

An Invoice of Cordage,

Consisting of different sizes, from 12 inch cables down to rope of 2 inches, of different lengths: Imported in the ship Swift, from Hull, and entitled to drawback.

Sept. 27 dtf

Davis's Law Book Store,

No. 313, HIGH-STREET.

GEORGE DAVIS announces to his professional friends, and the Gentlemen of the Law, generally, through the Union, that his late importation of BOOKS is now arranged, and ready for Sale, from a single volume to an entire library, without any advance upon his former exceeding low prices, which for several years past have in so distinguished a manner recommended them to notice.

Printed Catalogues combining the most extensive collection of the latest English and Irish Editions ever imported into this country, are published, and will be delivered gratis on application.

Orders addressed to G. D. in writing from any distance shall be punctually attended to.

A number of TRUNKS for Sale.

ALSO, TO BE LET,

A convenient LOFT, near Market Street Wharf.

ov.8. tu&fgm

In order to comply with contracts, I will sell, for approved bonds, on 3 equal annual payments,

A Square of LOTS,

At the upper end of Fredericksburg, beginning opposite to the lower corner of Doctor Wellford's, on Caroline-street, and running up to the cross street leading to Fitzhugh's ferry, and from thence back to Sophia-street. This square I have laid off into 24 lots, 27 and an half feet front, and 122 back, 12 on Caroline-street, and 12 on Sophia-street. Nine of those on Caroline-street I have leased on an annual ground rent of 8 and 10 pounds, to the amount of 74 pounds, and the vacant lots a purchaser could enhance the value of by building small houses, which will as readily procure tenants as pots or goards will Martins in the spring, and yield a greater profit in proportion to their cost than large buildings. Those who incline to purchase may know the terms by applying to

HENRY FITZHUGH.

Bell-Air, Dec. 8, 1796. 7thJ.d4w

Notice to Creditors.

The Assignees of Bernard Dougherty late of Bedford County, will make a dividend of the effects in their hands, immediately after the first day of February next to such Creditors as may furnish their accounts before that time.

Thomas Smith, Thomas Fitzsimons, Isaac Hazlehurst, Miers Fisher } Assignees.

Philadelphia, Jan. 9, 1796. d1w

WANTED,

A *MECHANIC,* to erect Spinning and Weaving Machines by water, such as are used at my manufactory—Apply to JAMES DAVENPORT,

No. 401, North Front-street.

N. B. None need apply but a complete mechanic, and a man of stability.

Globe Mill, December 29, 1796. §

FOR SALE,

At Whitesides' Tea Ware-House,

No. 99, North Second Street.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, } Fresh Teas. { Hyson Skin. Souchong, Bohea

Dec. 9. 3taw3m.

Philadelphia, Jan. 4th, 1797.

All persons indebted to the Estate of JOSEPH PASCHALL, deceased,

ARE requested to pay their respective debts without further delay, otherwise their accounts will be put into the hands of an Attorney to recover—And all those who have any demands against said Estate are desired to bring in their accounts for settlement, to

SAMUEL COATES, CHRISTR. MARSHALL, jun. CHARLES MARSHALL. } Ex'rs.

cox

Furnished Apartments; or *Board & Lodging.*

WANTED by two young gentlemen. Answers, with particulars, to be addressed to S. F. at the office of this paper.

January 4. §.

Public Notice,

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I have applied to the judges of the Supreme Court of this state, to supply the defect in my Title to a lot of ground, situate on the West side of Fourth-street, containing in breadth 20 feet, and in length 56 feet, bounded Northward and Westward, by ground of the subscriber, Southward by ground of Edward Shippen, and Eastward by Fourth-street, occasioned by the loss of a deed from Timothy Harrington, John Lewis and James Walton, by their attorney Robert Mollyneux.—All persons concerned, are required to appear before two of the justices of the said court, at the house of Thomas M'Kean, esq. the Chief Justice of the state, on the 30th inst. at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to make their answer to the bill of the subscriber, filed in the office of Edward Burd, esq. Prothonotary of the said court.

WILLIAM SHIPPEN, jun.

Philadelphia, January 6th, 1797. dt30th

For Sale,

By the Subscribers—In PENN-STREET,

65 Pipes Excellent Madeira Wine,

Imported by the Eagle.

WILLINGS & FRANCIS.

Nov. 30 w&f

Bank of Pennsylvania,

January 4, 1797.

At a meeting of the Directors this day, a dividend of sixteen dollars on each share was declared for the last 6 months, which will be paid to the Stockholders after the 14th inst.

JONATHAN SMITH, Cashier.

Jan. 3. dtf.

A Quantity of Brandy,

FIRST & 2d proof,
Gin, of 4th proof, in pipes
Jamaica Spirits, 4th proof, in Hhds
Old Hock, in cases of 40 dozen each
Glass Tumblers, in pints and half-pints
Window Glass, in boxes, of different sizes
Hazlenuts, in sacks
Whiting, Copperas, White Lead & Spanish Brown } in hhds

For Sale by PETER BLIGHT.

January 4 §

The Elephant,

Now exhibited, was bought for Ten Thousand Dollars.

He is 3 years old, 6 feet high, growing to 18 feet.

He eats 150 weight a-day, and drinks a barrel of water; he has drank some days forty bottles of porter, drawing the corks with his trunk.

He is perfectly inoffensive; travels loose, at the rate of five miles an hour, and is the greatest curiosity ever brought to this Continent.

He is to be seen 'till the 15th of January, in Market-street between Third and Fourth-streets, at a quarter of a dollar, that every one may see him—after which time the former price of half a dollar will be resumed.

He will leave Philadelphia as soon as the weather will permit.

December 31 d

New Theatre.

On FRIDAY EVENING, January 13,
Will be presented,
A COMEDY, called
The School for Scandal.

Sir Peter Teazle,	Mr. *Bates*
Sir Oliver Surface,	Mr. *Morris*
Joseph Surface,	Mr. *Wignell*
Charles Surface,	Mr. *Moreton*
Sir Benjamin Backbite,	Mr. *Fox*
Crabtree,	Mr. *Harwood*
Careless,	Mr. *Blissett*
Sir Harry, with a song,	Mr. *Darley*
Rowley,	Mr. *Warrell*
Moses,	Mr. *Francis*
Snake,	Mr. *Darley*, jun.
Trip,	Mr. *Warrell*, jun.
Lady Teazle,	Mrs. *Morris*
Lady Sneerwell,	Mrs. *Harvey*
Mrs. Candour, first time,	Mrs. *Oldmixon*
Maria,	Mrs. *Francis*

To which will be added,
A Comic-Opera, in 2 acts, called
Peeping Tom of Coventry.

Peeping Tom, with the song of the Little Farthing Rush-light,	Mr. *Bates*
Mayor of Coventry,	Mr. *Warren*
Harold,	Mr. *Darley*, jun.
Crazy,	Mr. *Francis*
Earl of Mercia,	Mr. *Fox*
Count Lewis,	Mr. *J. Warrell*
Maud,	Mrs. *Oldmixon*
Emma,	Mrs. *Warrell*
Lady Godiva,	Miss *Oldfield*
Mayoress,	Mrs. *L'Estrange*

☞ Box, One Dollar twenty-five cents. Pit one Dollar. And Gallery, half a dollar.

☞ Tickets to be had at H. & P. Rice's book-store, No. 50 High-street, and at the Office adjoining the Theatre.

Places for the Boxes to be taken at the Office in the front of the theatre, from 10 till 2 o'clock, and from 10 till 4 on the days of performance.

Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to send their servants to keep places a quarter before 5 o'clock, and to order them, as soon as the company are seated, to withdraw, as they cannot on any account be permitted to remain.

VIVAT RESPUBLICA!

College-Hall.

READINGS and RECITATIONS,
Moral, Critical, and Entertaining.

MR. FENNELL
Respectfully informs the Public, that
THIS EVENING, Thursday, Jan. 12, at 7 o'clock,
Will be delivered,
(FIRST PART)
THE EFFECTS OF REVENGE,
Exemplified by selections from the character of Zanga, Dr. Young
(SECOND PART)
THE PROGRESS OF JEALOUSY TRACED
In the character of Othello, Shakespeare
During which will be recited
Othello's speech to the Senate
The celebrated scene with Iago
And the most striking passages during his paroxysm of jealousy
(THIRD PART.)
THE EFFECTS OF JEALOUSY,
Exemplified in
Othello's soliloquies before and after the murder of Desdemona
Alonzo's soliloquies before and after the death of Leonora
With critical observations on the authors.

Subscriptions are received by Mr. Zachariah Poulson, Jun. at the Library, where the Ladies and Gentlemen who may be inclined to honor the undertaking with their patronage, are respectfully requested to send their names and receive their tickets.

Occasional admission tickets to be had of Mr. Poulson, Jun. at the Library; at mr. M'Elwee's looking-glass-store, No. 70, South Fourth-street; and at Mr. Carey's, Bookseller, Market-street—Half a dollar each.

MRS. GRATTAN

Respectfully informs her friends, and the public in general, that on Tuesday the 10th day of January, she proposes opening, at No. 39, North Sixth-street, a
Linen and Muslin Warehouse.

Book Muslins, from 6/3 to 12/11 per yard
Jaconet ditto, from 8/8 to 9/8 per yard
Striped ditto, from 7/10 to 10/10 per yard
Fine Cossaes
Tambour'd Book Muslins, from 13/9 to 21/ per yard
India Muslin, from 11/3 to 15/ per yard
Sheeting Muslin
Jaconet muslin Handkerchiefs, from 4/3 to 6/ per hdkf.
Book muslin Handkerchiefs from 5/3 to 10/6 per hdkf.
Muslin color'd and border'd Handkerchiefs
Dacca Handkerchiefs
Tambour'd Cravats from 10/8 to 11/11
Pocket Handkerchiefs
Cambric, from 11/3 to 16/3 per yard
Table Cloaths
Huckaback Towelling
Women's Cotton Hose, from 6/3 to 13/ per pair
Dimity from 5/10 to 6/11
Men's Silk Hose
Tambour'd muslin Handkerchiefs from 11/11 to 13/2
Irish linens for Gentlemen's Shirts, from 2/11 to 5/
And a variety of other articles.

N. B. Orders received for all kinds of ready made Linen, Gentlemen's Shirts, ruffled or plain, Cravats, Pocket Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.
Houshold Linen, &c. &c.
January 9. 8

Washington Lottery.

TICKETS, warranted undrawn, may be purchased or exchanged for prizes, at the Office, No. 147, Chesnut-street, where a correct Numerical Book is kept for public inspection. Also Canal Lottery Tickets for sale or exchanged for prizes drawn in the Washington Lottery, of which the 54th and 55th days returns are received.

☞ The Business of a Broker carried on as usual.

*** A SHARE in the NEW THEATRE to be sold on reasonable terms.

January 12. ttstf

Bank of the United States,

January 2nd, 1797.

The Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Sixteen Dollars on each Share for the last six months, which will be paid to the Stockholders after the 12th instant.

G. SIMPSON, Cashier.

SPRINGFIELD (Mass.) January 3.

GRATITUDE to FRANCE.

The deceitful plea, that we owe the debt of gratitude to France to such an amount that we cannot pay it, and are bound to lay our independence at her feet, to be trod into the mire of contempt, has been sung, and said and toasted by all the fools drunk and sober, who would work without wages, and by all the knaves who would not, until the country people at last are sick of the imposition. Do we owe, as our traitors allege, our very country to France? So far from it, Vergennes did all he could to prevent Mr. Oswald from agreeing to have our country ceded to us at the Peace.—On the contrary, he desired to pare the states close to the bone, and to confine our limits to the Ohio,—Franklin was his dupe; John Adams and John Jay, his successful opposers.

Another lying claim to gratitude is, that we owe our Independence to France. The fact is, the Compt de Vergennes tried all the arts of a wily Courtier, to embarrass the acknowledgement of our Independence. The plain reason was this, France preferred clipping our wings to letting them grow. It has been said in Europe that we could not govern ourselves, and like a good ally, she was resolved to do us that favour.—Accordingly Genet has attempted it, and now Adet is doing the like, and we have a degenerate number, some hired, and others made fools of, who uphold this Frenchman, in his outrageous proceedings. But the affair is not like to prosper, for Americans begin to respect themselves as a nation, and to spurn the idea of being a French Colony.

BOSTON, January 4.

ISLE OF FRANCE.

The following intelligence from the Isle of France, was received by Capt. Fel, who arrived here, on Sunday last, in the Ketch Four brothers of Salem. It will readily be recollected, that the commissioners of the executive directory, which were sent to give operation in the Indian islands the to laws of the French republic; and particularly that for emancipating the negroes, were not permitted to sustain their functions, but were ordered by the colonial assembly to quit the islands, and have since returned to France. These measures have been considered by some as rash; but they are highly justified by the Americans then in the Isle of France—as will appear by the following

ADDRESS

Presented to the government of the Isle of France, by the Americans, then in Port North West.

The Americans come to felicitate you, upon the happy event, which restores tranquillity to the minds of all, and the reins of government into the hands of those, under whom this island flourishes, an enviable contrast, to the desolations and horrors, that pervade the European colonies in the American islands. It is for the cause of humanity that we rejoice at the frustration of a system, which involved us all in one general ruin. We feel for you as brothers, united to you, not only by the ties of interest, but by affection, cultivated by the friendly intercourse that has happily existed between us; it was with grief that we augured the interruption of this mutual harmony, from the unprovoked insult given to the American nation, by one of the commissaries, which could have arisen, but from a corrupt heart meditating on the worst intentions.—The event produced by your firmness and spirit, dispels our fears, and we now look forward with confidence to that uninterrupted friendship which we so earnestly desire. Americans to whom every thing is interesting which interests the French, behold with admiration, these islands, and the analogy of their interior situation to their local position; two mountains that boldly rise in the midst of an immense mountain, on which the inhabitant uninterrupted, cultivates his land, whilst the thunder rolls unheeded over his head and the waves spend their rage at his feet; and whilst he pursues a system of cultivation, thought necessary in tropical climates, it is no less pleasing to remark, that it is a praise due to him, that the hand of lenity lightens the toils of servitude.

Signed by all the Americans in port.

Port North West, June 24th, 1796, the 6th Messidor, 4th year of the French republic.

This address being translated and read in the colonial assembly, the same day of its date, it was ordered to be annexed to the journals, honorable mention made of it, and that it be answered by the President.

The following is the Answer.

The president, &c. to the American consul, captains, &c. Health.

The colonial assembly, receive with the most lively pleasure, the assurances of friendship addressed to them, by their brethren of the United States of America. This token of affection from our elders in revolution, is a sure guarantee of the general approbation, which will crown those acts of patriotic devotion and energy by which this colony has preserved itself from ruin. Called by the indulgence of my colleagues, to the pleasure of being the interpreter of their sentiments towards you, and to transmit to you an extract of their sessions, of the 6th of Messidor, a copy of which is subjoined, and also to mark to you the indignation with which they are penetrated at the offensive reception given to the Americans, by those two imprudent men who have executed justice upon themselves, in delivering us of their presence. Deign to assure your brethren and fellow-citizens of our inviolable attachment and desire, to tighten the bands of fraternity and commerce which unite us.

(Signed) CHAURET,
President of the Colonial Assembly.

The embargo at the Isle of France was laid, in consequence of the preparation of six frigates for a secret expedition, and was taken off as soon as they sailed.

BENEVOLENCE.

SIR,

NEXT to the prime object of my work, published by you, viz. *the promotion of a moral, permanent, and happy union between the two sexes*, in our common privileged country—it has been my wish, in composing and compiling it, to render it subservient to the relief of the unfortunate. It is accordingly my determination, to devote the *whole* pecuniary profits, which may arrive to me as an author from the present impression, (without deducting or receiving for myself *a single volume or its price*) to that public, whose entertainment and improvement originated the publication. The uncommonly destructive conflagration, which has lately overwhelmed our sister city *Savannah*, in Georgia; and involved *fifteen hundred* houseless sufferers in its awful consequences; has justly and deeply excited the general sympathy. Taking the public pulse for my guide, and trusting that I shall have numerous followers in so *urgent a cause*—I therefore desire you (as soon as the profits of the publication will admit) to pay to Messrs. CLAY, HABERSHAM, and YOUNG, the committee, appointed to receive donations, for *Savannah*, ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS, in the name of the author of the *American Spectator*, or *Matrimonial Preceptor*, towards the relief of his unfortunate fellow-citizens of that place; and to express to them his ardent desire, that their infant city (so lately emerged from the wrecks of the American war) may rise, like the fabled Phenix, from its ashes, and long reflect a distinguished lustre, from its CIVIL, MORAL and RELIGIOUS ASPECT. It is my wish, to have the present appropriation considered, as an humble effort, on the part of a *New-England* author, to comply, in his sphere, with the late affectionate address of the ILLUSTRIOUS FATHER of *our country*; recommending (among other objects of the highest national moment) the cultivation of a *community of interests* and *attachments*, between the Northern and Southern States.

It is also my desire, that FIFTY DOLLARS be paid, in like manner, (as soon as the profits of the sale may admit) to the Treasurer of the Convention of the Clergy of this State, to be added to the contribution annually made in *Boston*, for the relief of dependent widows and orphans of deceased Clergymen; in token of respect to the memory of those venerable characters who disinterestly devoted their life to the most noble and benevolent office sustained among men. Should the work become popular, and future editions give ability, I am willing to plight my faith to the public, that a handsome addition shall be made, from time to time, to the stated contribution annually collected for the relief of a part of the community, which *has so tender and religious a claim upon our charity.*

THE AMERICAN SPECTATOR.

Massachusetts, Dec. 30, 1796.

Mr. DAVID WEST, *Boston.*

☞ The benevolent Printers through the Union, by giving circulation to the above in their papers, may promote the cause of virtuous philanthropy, and accelerate the bestowment of the Author's charities.

IN THE PRESS,

And will be Published Immediately,

TWENTY-SIX LETTERS, upon interesting subjects, respecting the revolution of America. Written in Holland, in the year 1780.

By his EXCELLENCY JOHN ADAMS,

While he was sole minister plenipotentiary from the United States of America, for negociating a peace, and a treaty of commerce, with Great-Britain.

☞ At a time when the dæmons of *anti-federalism* are ransacking the reservoirs of *malice* and *envy*, for materials wherewith to sharpen their darts of calumny against that worthy and patriotic character, to whose exertions in the cause of liberty, [next to WASHINGTON] we are indebted for our independence, and present happy constitution—at a time when every art is practised, and every servile tool employed to blast the *honor*, and misrepresent the *principles* of the sage compatriot of WASHINGTON—it is fit that the TRUTH should be universally known. These letters were written at the most interesting period of the American revolution, and far exceed any eulogium bestowed by an anonymous pen—they need be read only, to inspire the reader with a just administration of their author. [*Boston Columbian Centinel.*]

[*The above mentioned work may be had at the office of the Gazette of the United States. Price* 25 *Cents.*]

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday, January 2.

Mr. Swanwick presented the petition of John Marie de Borde, for recompence for his services during the war.

Objections were made to the admitting of this petition, on the ground of its being indecorously worded, and, from its having been determined upon in a former session. The indecorum complained of was the use of the name of the chairman of the late committee of claims, instead of the committee, when speaking of the fate of his former petition. In answer to the other objection it was remarked that the present petition proposed to bring forward an account current which had not before been produced. Mr. Swanwick spoke highly of the merits of this petitioner, who, he said, from a pure patriotism and a love of liberty, had fought in the American cause during the late war, for which service he never intended to have made a charge; but having afterwards gone to the West-Indies, and being one of the sufferers at St. Domingo, by which he was reduced to distress and beggary, he had made a claim upon the United States for his services. Mr. S. believed he was now kept by a farmer somewhere in the country, in consideration of his past services; and, as to any informality of his petition, he believed it arose from ignorance of the forms required, (being a Frenchman) and not from any intention to offend the legislature of a country, which he termed in the conclusion of his petition, the freest and happiest in the world.

On a motion for reference, it was rejected, there being only 20 in favor of it.

Mr. Swanwick said he had another petition to present, which was of rather an unpleasant nature, as it complained of the conduct of a public officer. It was from William Pechin, measurer of coal and salt, complaining that he had only received 164l. 19s. 7d. from Mr. Delany, the collector, instead of 347l. 14s. 8d. and praying Congress to take such steps in his favor as should give him the balance. It was referred to the committee of commerce and manufactures.

Mr. Swanwick also presented the petition of Philip Stimel, of this city, Snuff manufacturer, praying for a remission of duties on snuff lost by the destruction of his mill on Ridly creek, by a fresh in August 1795. Referred to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. Livingston presented two petitions; the one from John Hughes, of New-York, Auctioneer, praying for a remission of duties on 73 tierces of Salmon destroyed by the late fire; and, the other from William Ustick, merchant, of the same place for the remission of duties on 73 hogsheads and 91 cases of claret destroyed by the same unhappy event. They were referred to the committee of commerce and manufactures.

On motion of Mr. Venable it was resolved that all business referred to the committee of elections in the last session, and not determined upon, should be referred to the present committee.—Agreed.

Mr. D. Foster, from the committee of claims, made reports on the petitions of Francis Menges, William Story, Sarah Thompson, and Michael Levadore, which were all of them unfavourable to the petitioners. The reports were twice read and concurred in by the House.

Mr. Swanwick moved that the report of the committee of commerce and manufactures on the subject of kidnapping negroes and mulattoes, should be recommitted to that committee, with instructions to report by bill or otherwise.

On motion, the question was divided, but both parts of it were carried by a considerable majority.

Mr. Murray said he had laid a resolution upon the table, on the subject somewhat connected with the one just disposed of, which he wished to call up. It was for the appointment of a committee to enquire into the propriety of amending the act respecting fugitives from justice, and persons escaping from the service of their masters. The resolution was agreed to, and a committee of three members were appointed.

Mr. Parker called up the resolution which some days ago laid upon the table, relative to a call upon the President for information with respect to the treaty with the dey and regency of Algiers. Mr. Parker said he found in the President's address, at the opening of the session, this paragraph, "After many delays and disappointments, arising out of the European war, the final arrangements for the fulfilling of the engagements made to the dey and regency of Algiers, will, in all present appearance, be crowned with success; but under great, though inevitable disadvantages in the pecuniary transactions, occasioned by that war, which will render a further provision necessary." Under these circumstances, it was not only proper to know what farther legislative measures were necessary; but also to learn what steps had been taken for carrying into effect the treaty with the dey and regency of Algiers. It was last year, he said, ratified by the President and Senate, and that House had passed the necessary appropriations, and he was sorry that any delay had taken place in carrying it into effect, as he understood, some of the prisoners had died between the period of ratification and that of the releasement of the citizens held in slavery. Some difficulties had arisen, it seemed, with which they were not acquainted, and therefore he had brought forward the present resolution, not doubting that the President would readily give the information required.

Mr. Sitgreaves suggested whether it would not be proper to wait until they received from the President the communications which they had reason to expect from his speech. It was certain they should receive information from the proper department in due time. The President had said that farther appropriations would be necessary, and of course, information would be given them on the subject. When this information should be communicated, if it should not be so complete as to satisfy the curiosity of the mover of this resolution, he might lay a resolution upon the table calling for farther particulars. But, in the mean time, he thought it most proper to receive the communication which they every day expected. He had no objection to the resolution in itself; he only thought it would be more respectful to the President to wait a few days for the information desired, than to ask for it.

Mr. Parker wished not to fail in respect to the chief magistrate; but as large sums of money had been appropriated to carry the treaty into effect, and yet, for some cause or other with which they were not acquainted the business had not been completed, it became important to have some information on the subject. There was great anxiety, he said, in the minds of merchants trading to the Mediterranean, to know the state of this affair. He thought, therefore, they ought to obtain it as soon as possible. It was from respect to the President that he had not called up the resolution before that time. If the enquiry was longer delayed he thought the house would be wanting in duty to their constituents. After the resolution was passed, he should not be for pressing the subject more than other gentlemen.

Mr. Craik said he did not know that there was such a resolution on the table till then; but even from the mover's own confession, he did not see any use in the measure, as he had said he did not mean to press the matter after the resolution should have passed. The President had told them at the opening of the session that more money would be wanted, owing to some embarrassments having taken place; it was therefore to be expected that he would give them every necessary information on the subject; but if they entered into the present resolution, it would be tacitly charging the President with neglect. The subject Mr. Craik said, was not particularly pressing, and, as they had much other business on hand, and as he doubted not they would have the information in due time, he should be opposed to the resolution.

Mr. Gallatin wished a clause in the law passed last session to be read: he believed it was expressed in general terms. [It was read and proved to be so.] The President in his speech, when he alludes to this subject, said Mr. G. only says that "final arrangements for fulfilling the engagements made to the Dey and Regency of Algiers, &c." and concludes with "measures are in operation for effecting treaties with the Regencies of Tunis and Tripoli." And it was perfectly clear, that if measures had not succeeded with the latter powers, there was a sufficient sum appropriated to carry into effect the treaty with Algiers; because there was not only appropriated the money for carrying that treaty into effect, but also an additional sum of 200,000 dollars for both objects. He did not know, therefore, whether they should receive any information on this subject, except it was called for.

Mr. G. said they had already received an eſtimate of the expences for the year 1797, and although there were ſeveral items relative to foreign intercourſe, there was not a ſingle thing about an appropriation for the Algiers buſineſs. He thought therefore, tho' ſums might be wanted for effecting treaties with Tunis and Tripoli, the appropriation would be wanted next year, and not this, and therefore there would be money enough now for Algiers. The only queſtion was, whether it was their duty to aſk for the information contained in the reſolution; he believed it was, eſpecially when they were told there had been great pecuniary loſſes, they certainly had a right to know what they were. The propoſition, he ſaid, did not aſk for information how the treaty had been completed, but how the money had been diſpoſed of. This was information they had a right to have, in order to form a judgment whether theſe loſſes might have been avoided or not; and, as he belived they ſhould not have the information except it was aſked for, he ſhould vote for the reſolution.

Mr. Gilbert did not doubt but they ſhould get the information wanted in a few days, without entering into a reſolution on the ſubject. They had been promiſed information on other ſubjects, and they might be confident it was all in forwardneſs, and would be communicated as ſoon as poſſible.

Mr. Livingſton ſaid gentlemen ſeemed to take it for granted that the Preſident meant to communicate to them information on the ſubject of the treaty with the Dey and Regency of Algiers. He did not find this in the Preſident's addreſs; he found only a kind of excuſe that the treaty had not been carried into effect. He did not ſay he would communicate what was the immediate occaſion of the delay. It was the duty of the houſe, he ſaid, in a twofold point of view to call for this information; firſt, that they might provide the neceſſary fund, and ſecondly to know what had been the cauſe of the great delay. The appropriation for carrying the treaty into effect had been long ſince made, and unleſs circumſtances unavoidable, and urgency very cogent, had taken place, he would not help thinking there muſt have been a fault in ſome department or other. It was not to be preſumed the delay was with the Preſident; but he believed it might be preſumed there was a delinquency ſomewhere. It was not enough for them to be told that the delay aroſe from unavoidable circumſtances; it was their duty to look into the buſineſs, and therefore he thought the preſent call a very proper one.

Mr. Swanwick ſaid the gentleman from New-York (Mr. Gilbert) ſeemed to think they might wait a few days for the information wanted. Mr. S. ſaid they had already waited for it a month, and nothing was yet brought forward. The ſeſſion, he ſaid, was limited, and it was important that the buſineſs to which the reſolution before them related, ſhould be ſpeedily taken into conſideration. It was very important as it reſpected commerce, which was never in a more critical ſituation than at preſent. It was high time, he ſaid, to go into an enquiry on this ſubject, in order to know the train in which the buſineſs was placed, and to what the delays had been owing. He believed they had been owing to the derangements of money tranſactions in Europe; but of this they ought to be informed, and if there was any charge to be made againſt the houſe on the occaſion, it was for having delayed the enquiry ſo long.

Mr. Gilbert, ſaid, the gentleman laſt up ſeemed to ſpeak as if the houſe had nothing to do, and were waiting for buſineſs from the Preſident. He ſaid there were various objects of great importantce to the United States which called for their attention; and as he had before ſaid, a ſhort time would probably bring the information without application; and as they did not know that it was unneceſſarily retarded, there was no uſe in paſſing the preſent reſolution.

Mr. Sitgreaves ſaid, gentlemen who ſupported this motion, ſpoke as if the right of the Houſe had been diſputed to make the enquiry. He had not heard this doubted. The only reaſon for oppoſing it was, that it was unneceſſary, and leſs reſpectful than it would be to wait for the communication. The Preſident had ſaid that a farther appropriation was neceſſary this ſeſſion, and he thought this was a ſufficient anſwer to his colleague (Mr. Gallatin) and not next ſeſſion, and therefore, he preſumed, he would take care, at a convenient ſeaſon, that the neceſſary information was laid before them. He would not call upon them to make appropriations without ſhewing both the neceſſity and the quantum required. He had already ſaid there could be no queſtion about their right of calling for the information in queſtion; but he would not be underſtood to preſume with the gentleman from New-York (Mr. Livingſton) that there was a delinquency ſomewhere; if this were preſumed, it would be directly in oppoſition to the aſſertion of the Preſident, who had told them the circumſtances of delay, &c. had been inevitable. Upon what principle, therefore, gentlemen ſhould conceive there had been a delinquency ſomewhere, he could not ſee. He was therefore oppoſed to the reſolution.

The queſtion was taken and carried 44 to 31. A committee of two members was appointed to carry the reſolution into effect.

[To be continued.]

A Printing-Office for Sale;

Situate in the city of Burlington, on the river Delaware, about 20 miles from Philadelphia.

Conſiſting of

French Cannon, Roman and Italic
Double Pica, ditto ditto
Engliſh, ditto ditto
Small Pica, ditto ditto
Do. on Pica body, ditto ditto
Two-line Letters—Flowers
A good Mahogany Preſs—Impoſing Stone
Alſo, Chaſes, Gallies, Compoſing-ſticks, Racks, Furniture, &c. complete.

The ſituation is eligible for buſineſs, and the office calculated to execute any kind of work. The terms are reaſonable. Apply to H. Kammerer, jr. Crown-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet, at No. 43, Race-ſtreet, or of Mr. John Neale, Burlington.

January 10

PHILADELPHIA,

THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 12, 1797.

MARRIED, yeſterday, at Friends' meeting in Pine-ſtreet, JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, Printer, to RACHEL SAUNDERS, daughter of Joſeph Saunders, late of this city.

The following Gentlemen were elected on the 10th inſt. Directors of the Inſurance Company of North-America for the enſuing year, viz.

Meſſrs.	Meſſrs.
Joſeph Ball	John Leamy
Thomas Bell	Magnus Miller
Peter Blight	Thomas L. Moore
Samuel Blodget	Philip Nicklin
Samuel Breck	Charles Pettit
David H. Conyngham	Robert Ralſton
John Craig	William Read
William Cramond	William Sanſom
James Crawford	Robert Smith
Samuel Emery	Samuel Sterrett
Standiſh Ford	John Vaughan
Thomas W. Francis	Francis Weſt
Ferdinand Gourdon	

And at a meeting of the Board yeſterday, Charles Pettit, Eſq. was choſen Preſident, and Ebenezer Hazard, Secretary.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The complainings and ſorrows, the pathetic apoſtrophes of monſieur Adet's note, and indeed of all the *ets* we have been bleſt with, remind one of the tender exclamations of the hog-killer in the poem, to the pig that ſqueals and ſtares when the knife is at his throat.

"————— why kick—why ſqueal—be ſtill!
"W'ont you be kill'd and cured a little?"

It was early predicted that an energetic national government was neceſſary in this country for the purpoſe of checking the inroads of foreign influence through the individual ſtate governments. It was foreſeen that if the ſtates held their ſovereignty in an independent capacity, it would be no very improbable thing that a foreign power ſhould corrupt demagogues ſufficient in number and popularity to bend the meaſures of their government to foreign machinations. That this mighty evil would probably have happened either from *corrupt motives*, or from *ignorance*, a few events within the laſt three years have clearly manifeſted. Among the lateſt we hear of is the inſtance mentioned in a letter (lately publiſhed in the Gazette of the United States) from *South-Carolina*. If it be true that CHARLES PINCKNEY, the governor of that ſtate, declared (as is therein aſſerted) in his inauguration ſpeech, that the federal government had behaved *moſt infamouſly* to the French, and that *he hoped that the French would ſoon bring us to a ſenſe of our political errors*, it is deeply to be lamented that the evil intended to be guarded againſt could not be entirely *prevented* as well as *cured*. That the miſchief ariſing from ſuch a remark loſes all its ſting from the ignorance of him who was capable of making it, is a conſolation it is true; but it likewiſe proves how eſſential it is to have a government moving on great, uniform, and exalted *national* principles, whoſe authority may paſſy into deſerved impotence the little tyrant who might *wiſh* to embroil his own country *from love of a foreign land!*

A certain tyrant of antiquity had a ſingular puniſhment that at once evinced his *love of the fine arts*, and his refined *taſte for cruelty*. He had a piece of machaniſm exquiſitely executed in the form of a beautiful woman. When his friends offended, he conſigned them to the arms and embraces of this lovely automaton, which by the touch of certain ſprings claſped the *beloved friend* in her lilly arms, *and ſqueezed him to death!* Mr. Adet and his fraternal amateurs have attempted to cultivate a taſte for this ſpecies of the fine arts—Tears—embraces—exquiſite ſenſibility—the moſt endearing ſmall talk—The *lovely automaton* for ever held up to view—and nothing wanting to ſet her arms in motion but a *firm baſis* for her feet to reſt on, that her embraces and ſqueezes may be felt by the luſty and free ſons of America.

Tranſlated for the Gazette of the United States,

From Hamburgh papers, received by an arrival at New-York.

HAMBURGH, Nov. 5.

Letter from Italy, the 22d of October.

The following is the letter which the king of Naples ſent to the marquis del Vaſto, who thereupon departed to Rome as an extraordinary meſſenger and concluded there a treaty offenſive and defenſive between Naples and the pope—

In a letter from your holineſs I am informed that you are reſolved to reject the unjuſt and impious conditions of the French. Therefore you deſire of me, ſpeedy aſſiſtance. Although this is againſt my firſt plan, yet I have had no objection to give my conſent to it, becauſe it has a connection with the holy religion to which I was always with my whole heart devoted. As you deſire of me a perſon of whom you can take counſel reſpecting our common affairs, I have appointed the marquis del Vaſto; to depart immediately; to take great care for the honor of God and the holy church, and the beſt means of the ſtates for the quietneſs of my ſubjects, who daily give ſuch new proofs of their faithfulneſs and devotion.

From the camp of Germano.

FERDINAND, King.

A letter from Mayence, October 29.

The imperial army now on the ſcene of war in Germany is ſituated in the following manner. General Werneck has under his command on the Lower Rhine and the Lahn, the field marſhal lieutenants De Kray, prince de Lambeſc, and count Kieſk, and the major-generals, duke d'Anhalt, Cothen, prince de Hohenlohe, Ingelfingen, the counts Roſenberg and Kollowrath, and the barons Mylius, Haddick, Goutreuil, Finck, Kienmaier, Brady, Elſaiz, and Alcaini. On the other ſide of the Rhine remain the field-marſhal lieutenants Hotze and Neu, and the major-generals Simbſhen, Rhine-Graf Salm, duke Lichtenſtein, and duke Schwartzenberg.

In Suabia under the archduke Charles, are the great maſter of the ordnance Wartenſleben, and field-marſhal Latour, lieutenant-generals count Colloredo, Mels, Nauendorf, Petraſch, Froehlich, Staar and Sztarray, and the major-generals prince of Oranien, Balza, Meyerfeld, Monfrauld, Shellenberg, Mercantin, Wolf, Graven, Klinglin, Meerfeld, Baillet, Duc d'Enghein.

A letter from Franckfort, October 29.

The delivery of the ſilver veſſels in Franckfort to pay the contributions to the French has contributed very much to the coinage of new convention dollars, upon which, on the reverſe, ſtand the words —*Out of the ſilver veſſels of the citizens and the churches.*

STOCKS.

Six per Cent.	16/10 to 17
Three per Cent.	10/0
4½ per Cent.	14/
5½ per Cent.	16/4
Deferred Six per Cent.	12/8 to 12/9
BANK United States,	19 to 20 per ct
——— Pennſylvania,	23 to 24 do.
——— North America,	40 to 45 do.
Inſurance Comp. N. A. ſhares,	37 1-2 to 40 per ct.
——— Pennſylv.	2 1-2 to 5 per ct. below par.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE.

On London, at 30 days,	par to 175
——— at 60 days,	par to 170
——— at 90 days,	162 1-2 to par.
Amſterdam, 60 days, per guilder.	40
——— 90 days,	42

By this day's Mail.

NEW-YORK, January 11.

On Monday the dwelling-houſe of Eliſha Boudinot, eſq. of Newark (N. J.) caught fire and was entirely conſumed.

Yeſterday the canvaſſers began to number the votes for Rrepreſentatives in Congreſs. The following is this days reſult.

	Cooper.	Cochran.	Williamſon.	Total.
Ontario	41	320	40	401
Herkemer	495	524	not finiſhed.	

The Hon. the Legiſlature of this ſtate, now convened in Albany, made a quorum of both houſes on Tueſday the 3d inſt. We have detailed the moſt material parts of their proceedings.

The following reſolution paſſed the Senate of this State, on the 4th inſtant.

Reſolved, if the hon. the Aſſembly concur therein, that a joint committee of both houſes be appointed, to conſider and report, with all convenient ſpeed, what arrangements may be requiſite to render the monies which now are, and may from time to time be paid into the treaſury, productive of income to the ſtate: and further to deviſe and report, whether any and what arrangements are neceſſary for the better management and diſpoſition of the funds of the ſtate. The aſſembly concurred.

The committee are Meſſrs. Schuyler, Jones and Canting of the Senate, and Meſſrs. Kent, Maſon, Ryers; Comſtock and Blanchard of the aſſembly.

The propoſition between Lord Malmſbury and the French Executive Directory amounts to but little importance, unleſs we admit that the condeſcenſion of talking more fully to each other in form, has, as the Directory expreſſes it, ſomewhat of a more amicable appearance than the former overtures, made by Mr. Wickham. That the King of Pruſſia will, eventually, hold a language in favor of the Stadtholder's reinſtatement we have no doubt of, and have formerly ventured to predict.

A reſolution is moved in the Houſe of Repreſentatives, to enquire into title of the United States to land weſt of the ſtate of Pennſylvania. This buſineſs will probably end with the firſt motion; but the propoſition is a proof what a knack ſome men poſſeſs of making miſchief.—Suppoſe another member ſhould move to appoint a committee to enquire into the title of the ſtate of New-York, to lands weſt of the Delaware.—Some of our pert motion makers would have a taſk on hand to ſatisfy enquiries on that point. Men who love union and harmony will be ſlow to open the wounds which are healed, or to intrude into the judiciary department to find ſources of contention.

(Minerva.)

A BALL.

J. DOZOL's BALL

Will be held on MONDAY NEXT, the 16th of January, at Mr. O'Ellers's Hotel, and continue every fortnight during the ſeaſon.

Gentlemen's Tickets, at one dollar each, to be had at the bar of the above Hotel, where Ladies who chooſe to honor him with their company, may alſo be ſupplied with Tickets.

J. DOZOL reſpectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen, that he will continue his

Dancing-School

at the above Hotel. Hours of attendance for Ladies are from 10 to 1 in the morning, and for Gentlemen from 6 to 9 in the evening, Mondays, Wedneſdays, and Fridays, during the ſeaſon.

N. B. Private Leſſons will be given, either at his ſchool or at the houſes of thoſe who may favor him.

January 12 3

BALL.

New Cotillions, Scotch Reels, and Contre Dances.

Meſſrs. Francis and Byrn beg leave to inform their ſcholars, friends, and the public in general, that their firſt ball for this ſeaſon will be on Tueſday, the 24, at O'Ellers's aſſembly-room; at which a variety of new Cotillions, Contre Dances, and the moſt celebrated Scotch Reels, will be introduced.

Meſſrs. Francis and Byrn propoſe to give gratuitous attendance at their ſchool room, for the inſtruction of thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen in their new dances, who mean to honor the ball room with their preſence,—attendance for this purpoſe after their ſchool hours, on Tueſdays, and Thurſdays.

Tickets to be had of Meſſrs. Frances and Byrn No. 70, North Eight ſtreet, or at O'Ellers's Hotel. Ladies are requeſted to apply to their female friends, ſcholars of Meſſrs. F. & B. or as above, at their reſidence.

N. B. The new dances will not infringe upon the uſual routine of the evening.

The days of teaching for their young pupils are Thurſdays and Saturdays, from three o'clock in the afternoon till ſix—and on Tueſdays & Thurſdays, from ſix till nine, for thoſe of a more advanced age.

*** Private tuition as uſual.

January 11, 1797. 2awt24.

Particular Teneriffe Wine.

50 Quarter-caſks Particular Teneriffe WINE, Of a ſuperior quality,

For Sale by

A. Marple & Iſrael W. Morris,

No. 60, Dock-ſtreet.

January 12 tts6

WM. HAYDON,

Drawing-Maſter, from London,

Where he has ſtudied ſeveral years under one of the moſt eminent maſters in that ſcience, attends young Ladies and Gentlemen at their reſpective homes. His terms are 6 dollars per month for attendance three times per week. Likewiſe all kinds of ornamental Painting, Flowers, Fruit, &c. taught on the above terms. A line directed to W. H. left with the Editor of this Gazette, will be immediately attended to.

January 9. *3t

Philadelphia and Lancaſter Turnpike Company,

January 6, 1797.

At a meeting of the Preſident and Managers, a dividend of five dollars per ſhare, was declared for the laſt half year, which will be paid to the Stockholders, or their repreſentatives any time after the 21ſt of this month.

TENCH FRANCIS, Treaſurer.

Jan. 6. 12w4w.

Boarding and Lodging

May be had at No. 62, Penn-ſtreet, in a creditable family

January 9

James M'Alpin, Taylor,

No. 3, South Fourth-ſtreet,

RETURNS his grateful acknowledgments to his Friends and the Public for their liberal encouragement, and begs leave to ſolicit a continuance of their favors.

He has on hand an extenſive aſſortment of the

Moſt Faſhionable GOODS,

And of the beſt quality, ſuitable for the ſeaſon.

At this ſhop Gentlemen can be furniſhed with the beſt materials, and have them made up in the neateſt and moſt Faſhionable manner, and on the ſhorteſt notice. He will thankfully receive any orders, and pay a prompt and punctual attention to them.

November 10. ws

Bank of the United States,

December 26th, 1796.

WHEREAS the following deſcribed Certificates of Public Debt, credited in the books of the Treaſury, and of Stock of the Bank of the United States, were loſt with the brig Peggy, John Hyer, maſter, on her paſſage to London—Therefore notice is hereby given, that application will be made for others of the ſame deſcription agreeably to the rules eſtabliſhed at the Treaſury and Bank of the United States reſpectively.

CERTIFICATES OF PUBLIC DEBT.

Date & No.	In whoſe favor iſſued.	Dolls.	Cts.	
Mar. 4, 1796.				
2169 & 2170	Walter Boyd,	2 of 10000		each def. aſſu.
2171 to 2176	ditto	6	5000	do.
2177	ditto	1	5421 93	do.
Feb. 16.				
14086	Fermin de Taſtet,	1	3000	6 per ct. dom.
Mar. 4.				
14076	Francois G. de Tournes,	1	4000	do.
14077	ditto	1	855 47	do.
3528	Diego Dittmer,	1	674 44	do. aſſu.
3529	ditto	1	1169 15	do.
Feb. 16.				
14034	ditto	1	3499 46	do. dom.
Mar. 4.				
14078	Joſeph Lucas	1	3000	do.
3527	ditto	1	1000	do. aſſu.
Feb. 16.				
14035	Pares & Heygate,	1	2632 58	do. dom.
3517	ditto	1	1367 42	do. aſſu.
2618	ditto	1	3000	3 per ct. do.
Mar. 4.				
10834 & 10835	F. C. Pourrat, veuve le Coulteulx,	2	5000	each do. dom.
10836	ditto	1	5591 10	do.
2636 to 2641	ditto	6	5000	each do. aſſu.
2642	ditto	1	2096 28	do.
Feb. 16.				
9273	Elizabeth Rutt,	1	14000	def. dom.
2160	Edward Steers,	1	3655 67	do. aſſu.
9274	ditto	1	440 70	do. dom.
Mar. 4				
9303	Hannah Shelly	1	2562 23	do. do.
2633 to 2635	Sir Benj. Thompſon,	3	5000	(each 3 per ct. aſſumed.
2167	Rev. G. K. Whatley,	1	2000	def. aſſu.
2168	ditto	1	1600	do. do.

CERTIFICATES OF BANK STOCK.

Dates & No.	In whoſe favor iſſued.	
Jan. 1. 1796.		
19609 to 19613	Joſeph Atkinſon,	5 of 1 ſhare.
2946	Thomas Andros,	3 ſhares.
4112	ditto	2 ſhares
387, 5045, 5046, 7123, 19259 to 19261	William Barnard,	7 1 ſhare.
3076 & 2138	Alexander Blair,	2 5 ſhares.
964 & 295	ditto	2 10 ſhares
2854	ditto	1 4 ſhares.
13227 & 13565	Rev. David Bogue,	2 1 ſhare.
609	Martin de Havilland	1 5 ſhares.
1666	ditto	1 4 ſhares.
2959 & 2962	Samuel Etheridge,	2 3 ſhares.
2967	ditto	1 2 ſhares.
95 to 100	Joſhua Grigby, jun.	6 5 ſhares.
14023 & 14024	Mrs. Sarah Harrris,	2 1 ſhare.
3294	Henry 14th, Prince Reuſs de Plauen,	1 13 ſhares.
2413 & 2414	ditto	2 3 ſhares.
4052	ditto	1 5 ſhares.
54	Nathaniel Le Cocq,	1 5 ſhares.
55 & 2221	Wm Peter Le Cocq,	2 5 ſhares.
2539	Joſeph Lucas,	1 5 ſhares.
13531 & 13532	Thomas Mullet,	2 1 ſhare.
2954 to 2957	Thomas Raikes,	4 5 ſhares.
3293	ditto	1 11 ſhares.
2867 & 2868	William Raikes,	2 5 ſhares.
2925	ditto	1 7 ſhares.
392	ditto	1 3 ſhares.
4067	Rev. Cha. Richards,	1 2 ſhares.
10209 & 10210	ditto	2 1 ſhare.
5714	Charles Steers,	1 1 ſhare.
2950	ditto	1 10 ſhares.
3084	ditto	1 2 ſhares.
19131 & 19132	James Steers,	2 1 each.
539	George Watſon,	1 5 ſhares.

12aw6w G. SIMPSON, Caſhier.

In Council, 22d December 1796.

The Executive of Virginia will, on or before the first day of March next, be ready to receive proposals for the importation from Europe, of

Four thousand stand of Arms.

To be delivered at Richmond, in the course of the ensuing year—Each stand to consist of a musket, the length of the barrel to be three feet eight inches, and to receive a ball of the size of eighteen to the pound—a double bridled lock upon the best construction—neat brass mounting—steel ramrod, and to be well stocked with black walnut; and a bayonet one foot five inches in the blade—a cartouch box, suitable to the musket, to contain twenty-four cartridges, with neat black leather belts, mounted with brass buckles; together with a brush wiper for the pan, and picker for the touch-hole. The Executive will also be ready to receive proposals, within the period above mentioned, for the manufacturing within this state, the like number of stand of arms, to be delivered at Richmond, in the course of the year 1798.

By order of the Executive,
Attest,
A. Blair, C. C.

Jan. 6. *eo3t.

SWANN'S

Riding School, Horse Academy & Infirmary,
Adjoining the Public Square, Market Street.

T. SWANN

RETURNS his sincere thanks to those gentlemen by whom he has been employed, during his residence in this City, and flatters himself that the success of his efforts, in the numerous, obstinate and dangerous diseases in Horses, in which he has been consulted, together with his moderate charges, will secure their future favors and recommendation.

He now begs leave to inform them and the public at large that his spacious and commodious premises, erected for the purposes above described are open for the reception of pupils of either sex, who wish to be instructed in the Art of Riding, and the right method of governing their horses, so as to ride them with ease, elegance, and safety—their horses will be carefully and expeditiously broke, for every purpose, and made obedient to the will of the riders; the natural powers which are shut up in them, will be unfolded by art, calling forth uniformity of motion, and giving to that noble animal all those beauties of action which providence has so bountifully bestowed on them.

Also, at his hospital, every disorder to which the horse is liable will be treated according to the rules of art, confirmed by long and repeated experience.

The utility of the above institution has never been questioned, that it has long been wanted in this city, every gentleman's stud will manifest, and T. Swann as the first establisher of the veterenary art, solicits and relies upon the support of that public (which he is ever anxious in serving) to enable him to bring it to perfection. The idea of a subscription for that purpose has been hinted by several gentleman, who wish to promote the institution—the amount of each subscription to be returned by services in any of the departments he professes, agreeable to the rate of charges stated in his hand bill. Such subscription is now open, and the signatures of many respectable gentlemen already obtained. He therefore informs his friends and such Ladies and gentlemen to whom he has not the honor of being known, that he shall in a few days take the liberty of waiting upon them and soliciting their support and protection.

N. B. Horses are properly prepared for those Ladies and Gentlemen who wish to be instructed.

Nov. 5. tth&s.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

A new method of keeping Bill Books,

Adapted for the ease and convenience of merchants in general; but particularly for those who are extensively concerned in trade: exhibiting at one view, all the bills which a merchant may have to receive or pay, in the course of the whole year, for each month separatively. And thereby preventing the trouble and inconvenience attendant on the mode now in use, of selecting the bills due in each month from the promiscuous entries of several months.

To which is prefixed,

t able shewing the number of days from any day any month, to the same day in any other month.

Philadelphia, printed for and sold by R. CAMPBELL & Co.

January 2. tawtf

Paterson Lottery.

FOR raising six thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars and fifty cents, by a deduction of fifteen per cent from the prizes, and not two blanks to a prize. viz

1	Prize of	5000	dollars is dollars	5000
1		1000		1000
1		500		500
5		200		1000
20		100		2000
99		50		4950
200		25		5000
2000		10		20,000
5	Last drawn numbers of	1000	dollars each,	5000
2332	Prizes.			44,450
4018	Blanks.			
6350	Tickets at Seven Dollars each,			44,450

By order of the Directors of the Society for establishing Useful Manufactures, the superintendants of the Paterson Lottery have requested the Managers to offer the foregoing Scheme to the public, and have directed them to refund the money to those persons who have purchased in the former Lottery, or exchange the tickets for tickets n this Lottery.

The lottery has actually commenced drawing, and will continue until finished. A list of the Blanks and Prizes may be seen at the office of William Blackburn, No. 64 South Second street, who will give information where tickets may be procured.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1796.

J. N. CUMMING,
JACOB R. HARDENBERG, } Managers.
JONATHAN RHEA,

STATE OF THE WHEEL.

1	Prize of	5000	- - -	5000
1		1000	- - -	1000
1		500	- - -	500
5		200	- - -	1000
20		100	- - - -	2000
90		50	- - - -	4500
165		25	- - - -	4125
The five last drawn tickets, 1000 each,				5000

Being all the valuable prizes, besides a full proportion of the 10 dollars.

As the Lottery is considerably more than one third drawn, the value of the undrawn tickets is greatly increased, and it is worth the notice of those who hold tickets in the old scheme, that they can exchange their tickets for those in the above, if they apply soon, and at a moderate advance considering the now real value of an undrawn ticket.

The tickets being nearly all sold, the drawing in future will be oftener, and the Lottery soon finished.

November 12. mws

Clocks and Watches.

LESLIE AND PRICE,

No. 79, MARKET-STREET, *PHILADELPHIA,*
HAVE IMPORTED, by the late arrivals from London, a large assortment of *WARRANTED WATCHES*, consisting of horizontal, capp'd and jewel'd Gold Watches, with seconds, of superior workmanship and elegance; also capp'd and jewel'd and plain Gold Watches; capp'd & jewell'd, capp'd, seconds, day of the month, and plain Silver Watches; eight day & chamber Clocks; elegant French Clocks with marble frames; eight day and thirty hour, brass works, &c.

Decembet 22, 1796. d2m

Bank of North-America,

January 2, 1797.

At a meeting of the Directors this day, a Dividend of Six per Cent. was declared for the last half year, which will be paid to the Stockholders or their representatives, at any time after the 10th instant.

By order of the Board.
dt16th JOHN NIXON, President.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS very large and heavy debts are justly due and owing from messrs. *Blair M'Clenachan* and *Patrick Moore*, of the city of Philadelphia, merchants, trading under the firm of *Blair M'Clenachan and P. Moore*, and from *Blair M'Clenachan* in his separate capacity; to which, by the laws of the land, all the joint as well as separate property of the said Gentlemen, is, and ought to be, liable. And whereas it is clearly and satisfactorily ascertained, that mr. *Blair M'Clenachan*, of the said firm, has conveyed away to mr. *John H. Huston*, his son-in-law, to his daughter, miss *M'Clenachan*, and to his son, *George M'Clenachan*, several large and valuable real estates, as well as considerable personal property, in the city and county of Philadelphia, in the county of Lancaster, in the county of New-Castle on Delaware, and elsewhere, with a view, as it is apprehended, to defeat the Creditors in the recovery of their just debts.—This is, therefore, to forewarn all persons whomsoever, against the purchase from the said grantees, or either of them, of any portion of the said real or personal property, as the most vigorous measures will without delay be taken to render the same liable to the just demands of the Creditors.

By order of the Creditors.
Thomas Fitzsimons,
Philip Nicklin,
Isaac Wharton,
William M'Murtrie, } Committee.
Samuel W. Fisher,

Philadelphia, December 17th, 1796. 20th.§

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE caution introduced into the public prints, warning all persons against purchasing from the grantees of Blair M'Clenachan, any portion of the large, real and personal estates he conveyed away to his son-in-law and to his children was the result of a deliberation had upon the subject by a general and numerous meeting of the creditors as well of Blair M'Clenachan and P. Moore as of Blair M'Clenachan individually. It was no more than an execution of that trust confided in the subscribers by those creditors: a step which it would have been a breach of duty and honor in them to have omitted. The very statement of the fact therefore must dispel the imputation that it was either "precipitate or vindictive." It originated in a desire to secure the property of the debtor as a fund for the payment of his just debts. It was sanctioned by the advice of council as a measure *necessary* to the safety of the creditors. If the advertisement has been injurious to Mr. M'Clenachan he owes that injury to his own unjustifiable conduct, not to the subscribers who have merely published the truth in terms as mild as the fact would admit, and who mean to investigate in a high court of justice the validity of those purchases of which Mr. M'Clenachan so confidently speaks.

The subscribers therefore are bound by a sense of duty to the creditors in general to repeat their caution against purchasing of those grantees or either of them, and to extend the terms of it to a purchase from any other persons (if such there be) to whom Mr. M'Clenachan may have made similar conveyances.

(Signed) T. FITZSIMONS,
P. NICKLIN,
ISAAC WHARTON,
WILLIAM M'MURTRIE,
SAMUEL W. FISHER.

Philad. Dec. 21, 1796.

☞ Those printers who have been requested to publish the first CAUTION, are desired to publish this also.

Washington Canal Lottery,

N°. I.

WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authorised the underwritten, to raise twenty-six thousand two hundred, and fifty dollars, for the purpose of cutting a Canal through the City of Washington, from th Potomac to the Eastern Branch Harbour.

The following is the SCHEME of No. 1.

Viz - 1	Prize of	20,000 dollars,	20,000
1	ditto	10,000	10,000
7 last drawn Tickets, each		5,000	35,000
6	ditto	1,000	6,000
10	ditto	400	4,000
20	ditto	100	2,000
55	ditto	50	2,750
5750	ditto	12	69,008
	To be raised for the Canal,		26,250
5850	Prizes,		175,000
11650	Blanks, not two to a prize.		
17500	Tickets, at Ten Dollars, -		175,000

☞ The Commissioners have taken the Securities required by the aforesaid act for the punctual payment of the prizes.

The drawing of this Lottery will commence, without delay, as soon as the Tickets are sold, of which timely notice will be given.

Such prizes as are not demanded in six months after the drawing is finished, shall be considered as relinquished for the benefit of the Canal, and appropriated accordingly.

(Signed) NOTLEY YOUNG,
DANIEL CARROLL, of D.
LEWIS DEBLOIS,
GEORGE WALKER,
WM. M. DUNCANSON,
THOMAS LAW,
JAMES BARRY.

Cit of Washington, Feb. 11. §

A Manufactory FOR SALE.

A Valuable SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory, situate in a convenient part of the city; the works almost new, on an entirely original construction, and built of the best materials, and may be set to work immediately. Persons who wish to purchase, are requested to apply at No 273, South Second Street. September 13. t t s tf

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DANCING SCHOOL.

WILLIAM M'DOUGALL will open his school on Monday the 31st inst. at ten o'clock in the morning, at his

Elegant New Ball Rooms,

In Fourth, between Chesnut and Walnut Streets.

Hours of tuition for young ladies, from 10 to 1 o'clock on Mondays, Wednesday, and Friday mornings; and for young gentlemen from 6 to 9 o'clock on the evenings o the same days.

In addition to a number of new cotillions, he means to introduce a variety of Scotch Reels.

Note. The first practising ball to be on Tuesday evening, the first of November, and to be continued every Tuesday, during the season.

For terms, &c, enquire at his house, No. 134, Market-street.

Oct. 17. tthf

Twenty Guineas Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 23d October, a Dark MULATTO BOY, named MOSES; 21 years old; about 5 feet 8 inches high; had on a mixed green coat, with a green velvet cape and oval yellow buttons; a striped vest; a pair of dark spotted pantaloons, and whole boots much worn. It is probable he may change his name and dress. He has been accustomed to driving a carriage, and waiting. The above reward will be paid for securing him so that the subscriber may get him again, and if brought home all reasonable charges paid by

Robins Chamberlaine.

Easton, Maryland, Nov. 10. 14 §1m2awtf

Le Breton,

SURGEON-DENTIST,

Pupil of the celebrated Mr. Dubois, late Dentist to the King and Royal Family of France, member of the College and Academy of Surgeons at Paris,

Keeps a complete assortment of every thing necessary to be used for the

Preservation of the Mouth and Teeth.

Patent Minoral Teeth, and Human & Ivory Teeth; Dentrifice in powder; Opiate; excellent Elixir for sweetening the mouth and preserving the teeth—he also furnishes Brushes and soft Sponges.

*** He lives in Chesnut-street, No. 135, above Fourth-street.

November 26. tts

Horses taken in,

For the Winter Season,

And fed on clover hay at the Subscribers place, 12 miles on the Bristol Road, where good stabling is provided, and great care will be taken of them

William Bell.

Nov. 23. mwf2wmthtf.

SAMUEL RICHARDET

RESPECTFULLY informs the Gentlemen Merchants, that he has this day opened the CITY TAVERN and MERCHANTS COFFEE HOUSE in the city of Philadelphia:

The Subscription Room will be furnished with all the daily papers published in Philadelphia, New-York, Boston, Baltimore, together with those of the principal commercial cities of Europe—They will be regularly filed and none permitted to be taken away on any account.

Tea, Coffee, Soupes, Jellies, Ice Creams, and a variety of French Liquors; together with the usual refreshments, will at all times be procured at the bar.

Gentlemen may depend on being accommodated with the choicest of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, and the most approved Malt Liquors from London and other breweries.

The Larder will be supplied with the prime and earliest productions of the Season.

Large and small Parties, or single Gentlemen, may be accommodated with Breakfasts, Dinners, or Suppers, at hours most convenient to themselves—a cold Collation is regularly kept for conveniency, the Bill of Fare to be had at the bar.

The Lodging Rooms will be completely furnished, and the utmost attention paid to cleanliness, and every other requisite.

☞ SAMUEL RICHARDET will be happy to receive, and execute the commands of his Friends, and the Public at large; and with gratitude for their favours, he pledges himself that nothing on his part shall be wanting to preserve that patronage with which he has been so distinguishingly honored.

Philadelphia. April 19. mwf

Treasury Department,

September 28, 1796.

NOTICE is hereby given, that proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Treasury until the expiration of the first day of March next ensuing, for the supply of all rations which may be required for the use of the United States, from the first day of June, 1797, to the thirty-first day of May, 1798, both days inclusive, at the places and within the districts hereafter mentioned, viz. At Oswego; at Niagara; at Presque Isle; at Sandusky Lake, and on Sandusky River; at Detroit; at Michilimackinac; at Fort-Franklin; at Pittsburgh; at Cincinnati; at Fort-Hamilton; at Fort St. Clair; at Fort-Jefferson; at Grenville; at Picque Town and Loramies Store; at Fort Adams; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance on the Miami River to Lake Erie; at Fort Steuben; at Fort Massac; at any place from Fort Massac to the south boundary of the United States on the river Mississippi; at Fort Knox; at Ouiatanon.

If supplies shall be required for any posts or places not mentioned in this notice, all such supplies shall be furnished at prices proportioned to those to be paid at the posts before recited, or as may be hereafter agreed on between the United States and the Contractor.

The rations to be supplied are to consist of the following articles, viz.

One pound two ounces of bread or flour.

One pound two ounces of beef, or fourteen ounces of pork or bacon.

Half a gill of rum, brandy or whiskey.

One quart and half a pint of salt. } per hundred rations
Two quarts of Vinegar,
Two pounds of Soap,
One pound of Candles,

The rations are to be furnished in such quantities, as that there shall at all times during the said term, be sufficient for the consumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit, Ningara, and Oswego, for the term of six months in advance, and at each of the other posts, for the term of at least three months in advance, in good and wholesome provisions, if the same shall be required. It is to be understood, that the Contractor is to be at the expence and risk of issuing the supplies to the troops at each post, and that all losses sustained by the depredations of an enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid for at the price of the articles captured or destroyed, on the depositions of two or more persons of creditable characters, and the certificate of a commissioned officer, ascertaining the circumstances of the loss, and the amount of the articles for which compensation shall be claimed

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Lottery and Broker's Office,

No. 64, *South SECOND STREET.*

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No. 2, for sale—a Check Book for examination—and prizes paid in the late lottery.

Check Books kept for examination and registering, for the City of Washington, No. 2, and Patteson Lotteries, both of which are now drawing—information where tickets are to be had, and prizes exchanged for undrawn tickets. A complete list of all the prizes in the late New-Port Long-Wharf, Hotel and Public School Lottery, for examination.

The subscriber solicits the application of the public and his friends, who wish to purchase or sell Bank Stock, Certificates, Bills of Exchange or Notes, Houses, Lands, &c. or to obtain money on deposit of property.

*** Also Tickets in the Schuylkill Bridge Lottery for sale at Ten Dollers each, which will be drawn early in the Spring.

Wm. Blackburn.

Philadelphia, *August* 18. 1796. mth

City of Washington.

SCHEME *of the* LOTTERY, No. II,

FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE

FEDERAL CITY.

A magnificent dwelling-house,	20,000 dollars, & cash 30,000, are			50,000
1	ditto	15,000 & cash	25,000	40,000
1	ditto	15,000 & cash	15,000	30,000
1	ditto	10,000 & cash	10,000	20,000
1	ditto	5,000 & cash	5,000	10,000
1	ditto	5,000 & cash	5,000	10,000
1	cash prize of			10,000
2	do.	5,000 each, are	-	10,000
10	do.	1,000	- -	10,000
20	do.	500	- -	10,000
00	do.	100	- -	10,000
200	do.	50	- -	10,000
400	do.	25	- -	10,000
1,000	do.	20	-	20,000
15,000	do.	10	- -	150,000
16,739	Prizes.			
33,261	Blanks.			
50,000	Tickets, at Eight Dollars,			400,000

N. B. To favour those who may take a quantity of Tickets, the prize of 40,000 dollars will be the LAST drawn ticket, and the 30,000 the LAST but ONE:

And approved notes, securing payment in either money or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for any number not less than 30 tickets.

This Lottery will afford an elegant specimen of the private buildings to be erected in the City of Washington—Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire fronts on two of the public squares; from these prawings it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings, as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, in the manner described in the scheme for the Hotel Lottery. A nett deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray the necessary expenses of printing, &c. and the surplus will be made a part of the fund intended for the National University, to be erected within the city of Washington.

The Drawing will commence as soon as the tickets are old off.---The money prizes will be payable in thirty days after it is finished; and any prizes for which fortunate numbers are not produced within twelve months after the drawing is closed, are to be considered as given towards the fund for the University; it being determined to settle the whole business in a year from the ending of the drawing, and to take up the bonds given as security.

The real securities given for the payment of the Prizes, are held by the President and two Directors of the Bank of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the amount of the lottery.

The twenty four gentlemen who by appointment of the late Commissioners assisted in the management of the Hotel Lottery are requested to undertake this arduous task a second time on behalf of the public; a sufficient number of these having kindly accepted, it is hoped that the friends to a National University and the other federal objects may continue to favor the design.

By accounts received from the different parts of the Continent as well as from Europe, where the tickets have been sent for sale, the public are assured that the drawing will speedily commence, and that the care and caution unavoidably necessary to insure a safe disposal of the tickets, has rendered the more suspension indispensable.

SAMUEL BLODGET.

**§ Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; of James West & Co. Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boston; of John Hopkins, Richmond; and of Richard Wells Cooper's Ferry. co

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By Authority.

Schuylkill Bridge Lottery.

Sold by WILLIAM BLACKBURN, No. 64, South Second-street.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

For raising Sixty Thousand Dollars, agreeably to an Act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, passed during the last session, for building a Stone Bridge over the River Schuylkill, at the Borough of Reading, in the County of Berks.

					Dollars.
1	Prize of	20,000	Dollars -		20,000
1	do. of	10,000	do. - -		10,000
3	do. of	5,000	do. - - -		15,000
4	do. of	2,000	do. - -		8,000
20	do. of	1,000	do. - - -		20,000
39	do. of	500	do. - -		19,500
80	do. of	200	do. - - -		16,000
200	do. of	100	do. - - -		20,000
300	do. of	50	do. - -		15,000
1	do. of	500	do. to be paid the possessor of the first drawn no.		500
5	do. of	3,000	do. to be paid possessors of the five last drawn nos		15,000
9,400	do.	0	15 do. : -		141,000
		10,054	Prizes		300,000
		10,046	Blanks		
		30,000	Tickets at Ten Dollars		300,000

All Prizes shall be paid fifteen days after the drawing is finished, upon the demand of a possessor of a fortunate ticket, subject to a deduction of twenty per cent. The Drawing will commence as soon as the Tickets are disposed of, or perhaps sooner, of which public notice will be given.

Philip Miller, Peter Kershner, William Witman, Joseph Hiester, James Diemer, Thomas Dundas, James May, John Otto, John Keim, Daniel Graeff, Sebastian Miller, COMMISSIONERS.

Reading, May the 9th, 1796.

Tickets in the Canal Lottery, No. 2, to be had at the above office, where the earliest information of the drawing of the Washington No. 2, and Patterson Lottery's, are received, and check books for examination and registering are kept.

October 7. 2awtf

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